

Problem Set #3

Due: Thursday, Oct 18, 2006

1. Consider discrete-time LTI systems with input $x[n]$ and output $y[n]$ related by parts a-c. For each of the systems find the impulse response if possible. In addition for each part, determine if the system is causal and stable.

a) $y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^n 3^{n-k} x[k + 1]$

b) $\frac{1}{M_1+3} \sum_{k=-M_1}^2 x[n - k]$ (moving average)

c) $y[n] = 1.1y[n - 1] + x[n], n \geq 0$ (i.e. the system is initially at rest)

2. Determine the causality and the stability for the systems with the following impulse responses:

a) $h[n] = \sqrt{n}e^{n^2}u[2n]$

b) $e^{-\sqrt{n}} \cos[n]u[n + 2]$

3. Consider a moving average filter:

$$y[k] = 3x[k] - 5x[k - 1] - 2x[k - 3]$$

- Find the impulse response of this filter
 - Consider a signal x with a finite length 2, i.e. $x[n]$ is non zero only if $0 \leq n \leq 1$. Can you write the convolution equation as a matrix equation?
 - Use this matrix equation to define *deconvolution* mathematically.
 - Use deconvolution to determine what x (as described above) generates the sequence 1 1 1 1 1 at the output, i.e. $y[0] = 1, y[1] = 1, \dots, y[4] = 1$.
4. Prove that the serial connection of two passive LTI systems is also passive.
5. Problem 2.87 of the textbook